

SULZER WINS IN COURT RULINGS

Much Evidence as to Vote Bargaining Is Ruled Out.

\$2,500 COFFEE MONEY

Importer Carried Cash From Herman Sieleken's Firm to 115 Broadway.

"YOU FOR ME, I FOR YOU"

Two Assemblymen Tell About Direct Primary Talks With Governor.

ALBANY, Sept. 29.—Testimony against William Sulzer is likely to be finished by to-morrow afternoon or Wednesday morning at the latest. By Wednesday afternoon the governor may be on the stand beginning the long story of poverty and persecution which he believes will save him.

In five days of actual testimony the swiftly moving lawyers of the prosecution have nearly completed their case. They expected to require at least seven. They believe they have already insured conviction. However, they are holding some of their best witnesses for rebuttal.

They think that Gov. Sulzer's narrative in his own defense will cover so much ground that the whole battle of testimony will be permitted in reply.

The governor's lawyers were elated today by rulings of Judge Cullen, which blocked the impeachment managers at two important points. One of them was that nobody except John Boyd Gray of Fuller & Gray could be allowed to testify as to whether or not account 509, which Frederick L. Culwell carried with that firm, was really the account of William Sulzer.

Two witnesses of whom this question was asked to-day were checked by the defense sustained by Judge Cullen, when they said they only knew what Mr. Gray had told them. The impeachment managers were hit by this ruling because their subsequent servers have been unable to find Mr. Gray. However, his partner, Arthur H. Fuller, has promised to find Mr. Gray if he can and have him in Albany to-morrow.

Second Ruling for Sulzer.

The other ruling which heartened the defense and went hard with the prosecution was that no Assemblymen except Theodore C. Stewart of Oswego county and Spencer G. Prime 2d of Essex county could testify as to the governor's alleged corrupt use of the veto power in bargaining for votes for his direct primary bill, as alleged in impeachment Article VII.

Judge Cullen decided, and no other member of the court dissented, that no acts of this sort not mentioned in the impeachment articles could be dragged in. For the prosecution the one big bit of new evidence supplied from among the thirteen witnesses heard in a four hour session was that George W. Crossman of Crossman & Sieleken, New York coffee importers, sent \$2,500 in cash to Mr. Sulzer on October 14 last.

John S. Sorenson, a coffee importer with that firm, testified he carried the money in his hand to Mr. Sulzer's office at 115 Broadway and that the candidate said: "Thank Mr. Crossman for me." The witness was not asked if this was a campaign contribution nor how it happened to be cash rather than a check.

\$2,500 From "Coffee King's" Firm.
The coffee importing firm of Crossman & Sieleken is "Herman Sieleken only" according to the conspiracy and corruption directory. Mr. Sieleken, who lives at the Waldorf-Astoria, engineered the Brazilian coffee valoration scheme which the Federal Government once attacked as a trust. At the time when his firm gave \$2,500 in cash to Mr. Sulzer the candidate for Governor was still chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations in the House of Representatives.

Two small gifts were disclosed. Judge Edward F. O'Dwyer of the City Court in New York testified that he left \$100 in an envelope at the Manhattan Club for Mr. Sulzer and got no acknowledgment. From John F. O'Brien, a New York milk dealer, it was learned that he sent a \$50 check to Mr. Sulzer "as my contribution" and that Mr. Sulzer expressed gratitude in reply.

Sulzer's Denial of July 30.

Counsel for the impeachment managers put one of Gov. Sulzer's clerks on the stand and made him produce a copy of what was called "The Schiff statement of July 30." This was marked as an exhibit and placed in evidence.

It is a statement issued to the newspapers by the Governor following the first revelations from the Frawley committee about the Governor's unreported campaign contributions. Gov. Sulzer in this statement said most of the Frawley charges were lies.

Of the Schiff check for \$2,500, he said he didn't hear anything about the alleged contribution until May, 1913. He suggested that it might have been given to a friend without his knowledge.

It was soon after this statement was printed, so Jacob H. Schiff has testified, that Mr. Frankenstein, the Governor's former law partner, went to the banker and wanted to refund the \$2,500.

Executive Chamber Bargains.
In telling his story, related to the Frawley committee long ago, of how he asked Mr. Sulzer to sign his bill appropriating \$50,000 for a bridge over the Oswego River, Assemblyman Sweet was virtually restricted to-day to a relation of what took place between himself and the Governor.

He said Mr. Sulzer asked him how ap

HULSE PARTY OUT OF MEXICO.

Pancho Villa Steals Their Auto, but Lends a Coach Instead.

EL PASO, Sept. 29.—S. C. Hulse, general manager of the Northern Power Company at Lahuquilla, Mexico, arrived at the border to-day after being reported killed by the rebels. Hulse is a son-in-law of Lieutenant-Governor Reynolds of Pennsylvania, who was active in having the Government make an examination of Hulse's case at the time he was reported to be in danger.

Coming to the border Hulse had his automobile and driver taken from him by Pancho Villa, the rebel leader. In place of the car Villa gave him a stagecoach to carry Mrs. Hulse and the other women of the party to the border. Villa was starting to Turron when the American party left and expected to attack the town with the assistance of Urbina and Hernandez.

OUT OF PRISON TO TAKE A JOB.

Addison Makes Quick Time After Gov. Fielder Paroles Him.

THENTON, N. J., Sept. 29.—Gov. Fielder signed to-day a parole releasing Richard Addison from the State prison in order that the prisoner might lose no time in beginning work on a job that had been promised to him at the Interstate Fair. Addison was serving three years for obtaining money under false pretences. His parole was recommended by the Parole Board. The Rev. Harold J. Sweeney, an Episcopal missionary, got the job for Addison with the understanding that he was to begin work to-day. When the Governor learned this he immediately set the prisoner free, and Addison lost no time in getting to his new job.

ONCE A BARMAID, NOW A BARONESS

Wife of New Lord de Freyne, a U. S. Private, Found in Scotland.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.

LONDON, Sept. 29.—Lady de Freyne, wife of the new Baron de Freyne, who is serving as a private in the Eighth United States Infantry in the Philippines under his own name of Arthur Reginald French, has been found at Rotham, an Old World village situated on the Spey, in Scotland.

Lady de Freyne was formerly Annabel Angus. The young woman, whose husband has just succeeded his father to the title and estates, amounting to 25,000 acres in County Roscommon, Ireland, is a tall blond beauty. She is the second eldest of the three daughters of a local hotel owner who is now dead and whom she helped to manage the house.

Lady de Freyne became a barmaid in a London hotel when she was 18 and in this way met Baron de Freyne, who was then Lieut. Arthur Reginald French of the Royal Fusiliers. They were married by special license on November 14, 1902, at a registry office, presumably in Scotland, as there is no record of any such ceremony at Somerset House, where all such events in England are recorded.

Lady de Freyne says she has received occasional letters from her husband since he left England. His family allowed him \$2,500 a year, all of which he gave to his wife through an Aberdeen banker, while he got along on his soldier's pay of \$15 a month. In one letter her husband said he had become a common soldier in order to gain experience in the world.

The disappearance of Lieut. Arthur Reginald French in 1905 created a sensation in England, and the next heard of him was that he had enlisted in the United States army. The young man was more popular than his father, who died about a month ago. He is the only son of the late Baron de Freyne by the latter's first wife. The late Baron was in constant trouble with his tenants, who finally formed a combine against him, purchased the estate and evicted him from the congested district, boards and then deposed the Baron. Lord de Freyne then began hundreds of evictions. He also brought action against the members of the Irish party for influencing his tenants to refuse to pay him rent. This suit was finally withdrawn, and in 1905 the Baron signed an agreement by which the tenants got what they wanted. This was the year his son disappeared.

The title is English, but all the estates are located in Ireland and the greater part are in the County Roscommon.

BECKER CASE UP OCTOBER 13.

Appeal to Be Argued Then if Sulzer Case Is Finished.

ALBANY, Sept. 29.—Provided the trial of Gov. Sulzer is finished by that time the appeal of Police Lieutenant Charles Becker and the four gunmen from the sentence of death for the murder of Herman Rosenthal will be argued before the Court of Appeals October 13.

The Court of Appeals reconvened to-day after the summer recess and an adjournment was taken until October 6 to allow the Judges to sit in the court of impeachment.

FLAVORING TURTLE SOUP.

Lunatic in Paris Found Injecting Cocaine Into Tortoises.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.

PARIS, Sept. 29.—For some time past the keepers at the zoological gardens have noticed an agitation among the tortoises, which are generally the most quiet of animals. A veterinary was called in and declared the tortoises were afflicted with St. Vitus's dance. The keepers were much perplexed at this statement, but were not convinced.

The real trouble was revealed this afternoon when they noticed a white haired man around the tortoise house. They watched his movements and it was soon noticed that he took a syringe containing cocaine out of his pocket and pricked the tortoise. The man was arrested. His papers showed that he is an Italian zoologist, and is 70 years old. The man proved to be demented and was sent to a lunatic asylum.

The Laurel House of Lahnwood opens October 1st. Ideal Autumn Resort in the Pine. Ninety minutes from New York.—Adv.

WOODRUFF STRICKEN AT FUSION MEETING

Is Seized With Paralysis as He Notifies Mitchell of Nomination.

GOES ON WITH SPEECH

Progressive Leader of Kings Taken Home and Is Resting Easy.

Timothy L. Woodruff, three times Lieutenant-Governor of this State, suffered a stroke of paralysis last night when he was delivering a speech at Cooper Union notifying John Purroy Mitchell of his nomination for Mayor.

Mr. Woodruff was able to put a concluding paragraph or two on his speech before his friends saw that he was on the point of collapse. While the audience was applauding what they supposed to be the end of his address five or six men on the platform ran up to Mr. Woodruff and helped him off the stage. Examination by physicians showed that his left side was partially paralyzed. He did not lose consciousness. He went in an automobile with Mrs. Woodruff to Carlton House and his family physicians were hurriedly summoned.

Mr. Woodruff's son, John E. Woodruff, who came in a hurry from his home in Greenwich, said later last night that his father was better.

"The governor is taking a bad streak," he said. "He says he is hungry and is insisting on having something to eat."

Mr. Woodruff said his father had suffered a complete nervous collapse, the result of hard work. He laughed away all talk of paralysis.

Friends of Mr. Woodruff said he had had a somewhat similar breakdown two weeks ago in the Adirondacks. Since then he has been working hard.

Four of the people who filled the assembly room at Cooper Union realized that anything was amiss. Mr. Woodruff delivered his speech with his customary vigor until he was within a few paragraphs of the end.

Jokes About Water Pitcher.

Despite the emphasis which Mr. Woodruff threw into his speech it was seen as he proceeded that he was speaking with difficulty. He frequently brushed a handkerchief across his forehead and more than once reached for a glass of water. It was the water pitcher which brought Mr. Woodruff his first laugh from the audience.

"I'm not a Democrat like Mr. Coudert," he said, "and therefore I have a quenchable thirst."

Mr. Woodruff took a large white pitcher which was standing on the speaker's desk, leaned over and set it on the floor. Mr. Woodruff then took a slender man and the exertion brought the blood into his face. He did not lose the flush for several minutes. Controllor Prendergast, who was sitting at Mr. Woodruff's right hand, saw that something was amiss when Mr. Woodruff drew his hand suddenly across his forehead and leaned heavily upon the desk.

Mr. Prendergast motioned to him to withdraw, but Mr. Woodruff insisted upon addressing personal greetings to each of the three candidates. He had already told them collectively what assets they were to the fusion cause.

It was clear that Mr. Woodruff was laboring under the greatest disability. He spoke with immense effort. He addressed Mr. Mitchell, Mr. McAneny and Mr. Prendergast in turn.

"The Progressive party," he said, "extends to you all its loyal and zealous support and to all the citizens who support you, whatever their political associations. It pledges its steadfast cooperation until the closing of the polls on election day."

As Mr. Woodruff spoke the concluding paragraphs Mr. Prendergast reached forward and supported him with a little show as possible. Henry L. Stimson, who was chairman of the meeting; Francis W. Bird, chairman of the Progressives in this county; as Mr. Woodruff was in Kings; Norman Hapgood, Joseph M. Price and other fusionists ran forward and helped him through the rear entrance to the stage.

Physicians Are Called.

They led him to a small committee room where he was placed in a chair. It was supposed at first that Mr. Woodruff had injured his left kneecap. One of his friends started to massage his leg, hoping that it was a minor injury. Dr. Arthur Gozmas was brought in from the audience and Coroner Feinberg started to make an examination. They found that his left side was partly paralyzed. Mr. Woodruff was very pale, but was able to talk and to greet Mrs. Woodruff when she was summoned.

When it was seen that it was possible to move him Police Captain Falconer and friends picked him up as he sat in the chair and carried him to the automobile of Lucien L. Bonheur.

Dr. de N. Cruger, Mr. Mitchell's secretary, who was sitting with Mr. Woodruff, tried to reach Dr. Walter B. James, Mr. Woodruff's physician, in order to have him at Carlton House when Mr. Woodruff arrived. Dr. James was out, but Dr. Norman Altman was found and was ready to care for Mr. Woodruff when the automobile reached Carlton House.

Dr. Altman sent down word that Mr. Woodruff's condition was not serious enough to warrant his issuing a bulletin. Mr. Woodruff's family felt very strongly that he had had a nervous breakdown and was not suffering from a paralytic stroke.

Memoranda For Income Taxpayers

Here are a few facts and dates that the income taxpayer must fix in his mind:
Everybody with a net income of more than \$3,000 a year (if single, and \$4,000 a year, if married), is subject to the tax.

The taxpayer must file a return with internal revenue collector before March 1, 1914, showing all sources of his income and the deductions to which he is entitled.

All incomes are to be computed by the calendar year, but taxes for the first year will be levied only from March 1, 1913, to December 31 next.

Notification of assessments will be sent out by the Government before June 1 next. Taxes must be paid by June 30.

Failure to file a return means a fine of from \$2 to \$1,000.

A fraudulent return makes the taxpayer liable to a fine of \$2,000 or imprisonment for a year, or both.

The man whose income tax is withheld by his employer must file an affidavit by February 1 with the employer or the internal revenue collector in claiming deductions.

All holders of corporate bonds must file by the same date a statement in writing claiming exemptions from the tax if it is not to be deducted from interest payments.

SHARPS ON LUSITANIA FLEECE NEW YORKER

Three Cheat at Cards, Then Attack Him When He Won't Pay.

HE LOSES \$600 AT BRIDGE

One Crook Said to Have Escaped From Titanic in Woman's Clothes.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.

LONDON, Sept. 29.—The passengers on the Cunard liner Lusitania, which left New York early last Tuesday morning, who arrived in London to-night are talking of a sensational incident which occurred in the smoke room of the ship last Sunday night.

Three card sharps boarded the Lusitania at New York. Two of them were supposed to be fellow travellers, while the third used the name of a famous Chicago manufacturer and posed as a very wealthy man. The two fellow travellers pretended that they did not know the wealthy Chicago man and picked a fake quarrel with him in the early part of the voyage.

Later, however, the three men became friendly and the Chicagoan joined the two others in a game of bridge for high points.

Found Their Victim Easy.

The three men invaded the son of a noted New York merchant, who is connected with shipbuilding, into the game. The sharps stacked the cards, but let their victim down easily in the first game. The next day the four played again and the young New Yorker won \$600.

The young man had no idea that he had been swindled and promised to pay the difference between \$150 in cash which he had with him and the \$600 which he had lost before they landed.

In the meantime a steward recognized one of the sharps and warned the young New Yorker when the vessel was nearing Fishguard. The young man then refused to pay the \$450 difference which he was supposed to owe the sharps. On Sunday evening while the young New Yorker was sitting in the smoke room one of the crooks approached. He upbraided the young man as a wretched and then struck him a savage blow in the face. Several stewards rushed forward and protected the young man from further attack. The crooks were then ordered to keep to their cabin until the vessel arrived at Fishguard.

Wouldn't Prosecute Crooks.

The assault on the young man created a sensation and was the talk of the whole ship. The story of the card game then came out and it was expected that the crooks would be turned over to the police when the vessel reached port. The young man who had been fleeced refused to prosecute them, however, and the card sharps landed with the other passengers.

When the young man arrived at the Strand on Sunday evening he found that the three crooks were staying there.

One of the card sharps has been recognized as a man who is said to have escaped from the Titanic when that vessel foundered, by impersonating a woman. The man who assaulted the New Yorker is a noted ocean card sharp who years ago used the name of a famous New York racing man and posed as the latter's nephew. He was entered on the Lusitania's passenger list as Mr. Doyers.

MONACO OFF FOR BIG GAME.

Buffalo Bill His Guide and Charles G. Yates His Commissary.

CORV. Wyo., Sept. 29.—Prince Albert of Monaco and Charles G. Yates, with his party of five New York men, will start early to-morrow in the hunt for big game west of Fresno under the direction of Buffalo Bill. Yates has presented each of the party with a fine hunting case watch ordered by telegram from Chicago.

Another party of New Yorkers came into camp this morning, their pack horses laden with big game. They had one splendid specimen of mountain sheep, five selected six point elk heads, one 200 pound black bear and plenty of small game. The hunters were Dr. Harlow Brooks of the New York Game Club, Joseph A. McAlenamy and John Murtagh. Their success has caused much enthusiasm in Cody's party.

Gates's pack train is carrying all the comforts of civilization into the wilds and he is well supplied with ammunition, including a full stock for a gentleman's sideboard.

NEW TARIFF A LAW THIS WEEK INCOME TAX FROM MARCH, 1913

INCOME TAX HAS VERY WIDE SCOPE

Every Person With Net Income Exceeding \$3,000 a Year Is Taxable.

DOODGERS TO BE PUNISHED

Government Requires That All of the Returns Be Made Under Oath.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—It now behooves all those with an income of more than \$3,000 a year to lay a hand upon a furrowed brow and try to find out how they are going to pay the income tax to the Government and what will happen to them if they do not.

The matter has been hanging fire for a long time, but now that the conference committee of the Senate and House has reached the income tax feature of the tariff bill in its final form it will rest with everybody having more than the \$3,000 limit to master the details.

Representative Cordell Hull of Tennessee, who framed the income tax bill, issued a statement to-night intended to help the taxable persons, and the internal revenue bureau of the Treasury Department is already at work on a set of instructions which will be issued later.

Extent of the Law.

In the first place the law, about to go into effect includes within its scope all citizens of the United States residing at home or abroad, all persons living in the United States, though not citizens thereof, and all net incomes from property and business owned or carried on in the United States by all aliens.

In every case a deduction of \$3,000 is allowed for living expenses. In the case of a husband who is living with his wife or a wife who is living with her husband an additional \$1,000 exemption is allowed, so that all told a married person is entitled to an exemption of \$4,000. Only one \$4,000 deduction, however, is to be allowed from the aggregate income of both husband and wife.

The income tax law will go into effect as soon as it is signed, and under ordinary circumstances incomes are to be computed for the calendar year. In the case of the present year, however, the tax is to be computed only on that portion of the income accruing from March 1 to December 31 next.

The Treasury Department is preparing blank forms which will be distributed by the district internal revenue collectors to each taxable person. If you fail to get such a blank you are required under a penalty to apply to the collector or his deputy for one.

Liabilities will be on deposit with postmaster for the convenience of taxpayers. Every taxable person is to fill out and return one of these blanks to the internal revenue collector of his district before January 1 and March 1 next.

Statement Under Oath.

The taxpayer must fill out under each of true and correct statement of his net income of \$3,000 or more for the calendar year. This return shall set forth specifically the gross amount of income from all separate sources and from this total shall be deducted the aggregate items of the expenses and allowances authorized under the law.

Any taxpayer who fails to make a return on or before March 1 will be liable to a penalty of not less than \$20 nor more than \$1,000. If his return is fraudulent it will be a misdemeanor, and he will be subject to a fine of \$2,000 or imprisonment for one year, or both.

Each taxpayer will be notified by the internal revenue commissioner by June 1, 1914, of the amount of the tax due from him and the payment must be made by June 30 following. In the event of failure to pay the tax by June 30 and after ten days further notice, 5 per cent. will be added to the amount of the tax and interest at the rate of 1 per cent. a month from the time the tax falls due.

Exceptions are made in regard to penalties in the cases of incomes from the estates of insane, deceased or insolvent persons.

Provision for Neglect.

In the case of neglect or refusal to make returns, or in a case of false returns, the commissioner of internal revenue may make such return himself any time within three years of the date when the return was due.

The collector of internal revenue may increase the amount of any return if he had reason to believe that the income is understated, but he is obliged to serve due notice and to produce evidence.

In the event of a disagreement between the collector and the taxpayer, the latter may carry the case with papers and proof to the commissioner of internal revenue, but the commissioner's decision will be final. Under the terms of the bill in its final form the net income of each individual taxpayer is to include the following items:

All gains, profits and incomes derived from salaries, wages or compensation for personal services of any kind, professions or vocations, business trade or commerce, sales or dealings in property, real or personal, interest, rent, dividends and securities. Also the gains and profits from any transactions of lawful business and the income of property acquired by gift or bequest. Neither the return of any part of the principal invested in life insurance to the assured, nor the proceeds of policies paid upon death, are included as income.

From these items of income the following deductions are allowed:

1. Necessary expenses actually incurred

Continued on Second Page.

Analysis of the New Tariff Bill

For full details of the new tariff schedules in comparison with those of the present or Payne tariff, see special 4-page section published with this issue of THE SUN.

BULGARIAN LOSSES 44,892.

104,586 Reported Wounded in Wars and 7,821 Missing.

SPECIAL CABLE DISPATCH TO THE SUN.
SOFIA, Sept. 29.—Government returns printed to-day show that 44,892 Bulgarians were killed in the two recent wars in the Balkans. Of this number 30,924 were killed in the war of the allies with Turkey and 14,868 in the war between Bulgaria and the Servians and Greeks.

There were 104,586 Bulgarians wounded in the two wars and 7,821 are reported missing.

GIVES HIS LIFE TO SAVE THREE.

Long Island Guard Gets Woman and Child Off Track, but Is Struck.

DAVID W. SMITH, Jr., guard at the Long Island Railroad crossing at Railroad avenue, East New York, gave his life at 6 o'clock last evening in saving two women and a child from being run over. He was cut to pieces.

The two women, leading the child by the hand, had gone under the gates in their hurry. Smith, seeing a train approaching on its way from Brooklyn, ran to them and hurried the three off the tracks. He disregarded a train due to pass the point on its way from Jamaica to Brooklyn. The next moment he was struck by it and killed instantly.

SHOT HIMSELF IN A DREAM.

His Nightmare Was a Robber Carrying Off \$100 in a Bag.

FREDERICK, Md., Sept. 29.—Dreaming that a robber seized a bag containing \$100 last night Harry S. DeWitts, a merchant in this city, grabbed his revolver in his sleep and fired point blank at what he thought was the heart of the thief. In reality it was the fleshy part of his own leg, below the knee. The bullet pierced the leg and rudely aroused DeWitts.

He had kept the money in his bedroom over night because the bank was closed following the day's business.

SHABBY LODGER HAS \$1270,000.

Is Found Unconscious With Fortune Sewed in a Pocket.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 29.—A nickel was all the police found in the well worn purse of Edward McDonald when he was taken to-day, ill, from a cheap lodging house here, but \$1270,000 in negotiable securities was discovered sewed in an inside pocket of his coat.

McDonald is unconscious and cannot explain.

KING'S SON JOINS FLAGSHIP.

Midshipman Prince Albert Will Go Through "Mill" of Discipline.

SPECIAL CABLE DISPATCH TO THE SUN.
LONDON, Sept. 29.—Midshipman Prince Albert, the second son of King George, joined the ship's company of the home fleet to-day.

He will be put through the mill of naval discipline the same as any other midshipman and will become a lieutenant at the age of 22.

DID AMERICAN BUY PEARLS?

Belgian Purchaser of \$675,000 Necklace on Way to New York.

SPECIAL CABLE DISPATCH TO THE SUN.
PARIS, Sept. 29.—Despite the denials of the sale of the \$675,000 pearl necklace stolen while in transit between Paris and London and recently recovered, the Brussels correspondent of the *Globe* repeats the story. He says the necklace was sold to Count Du Monceau, who told an interviewer that he was unwilling to say any more than that he had bought the famous gems. He did not buy for his own account, however.

Count Du Monceau left for New York to-day.

MRS. GETTY KILLED IN RUNAWAY

Daughter of Late Gen. Burr Thrown When Breaking a Horse.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—Mrs. George G. Getty, a daughter of the late Gen. Burr, U. S. A., and noted as a horsewoman in Maryland and Virginia, was killed this afternoon near her home in Silver Springs, Md., when she was thrown out of a buggy.

With her daughter, Mrs. Getty was breaking in a saddle horse to driving harness. The horse bolted, and while Mrs. Getty leaped out and was unhurt Mrs. Getty remained in the buggy until it was overturned. Her father was an intimate friend of President Cleveland.

\$2,000 TO \$1,400 BET ON McCALL.

Mitchell Men in Wall Street Want Better Than 10 to 7.

Betting on the election in the financial district opened up the week yesterday with the largest wager on record for the present campaign.

The bet was made among the curb brokers and was for \$2,000 to \$1,400 that McCall would defeat Mitchell.

There was plenty of McCall money in sight yesterday ready to be offered at 10 to 9, but the Mitchell faction were seeking better odds than 10 to 7.